

# PAID VU LMS HANDLING by Mam Mehwish

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❑ Which of the following is not part of the requirement elicitation process?

- Reviewing requirements
- Documenting requirements
- Removing functional requirements
- Discovering requirements

❑ \_\_\_\_\_ is an interviewing technique to elicit stakeholder's goals, standards, and attributes.

- Laddering
- Brainstorming
- Usage Scenario

❑ Which of the given is a type of contextual requirement elicitation technique?

- Laddering
- Interviews
- Observation
- Card Sorting

❑ The hardest part of building a software system is deciding hardly:

- What to build
- Where to build
- When to build
- How to build

❑ Card sorting, Laddering, and Class Responsibility Collaboration are \_\_\_\_\_ requirements elicitation techniques.

- Traditional
- Collaborative

- Cognitive
- Contextual

\_\_\_\_\_ type of interviews, there is a pre-set agenda.

- Semi-Structured
- Structured
- Both structured and unstructured
- Unstructured

\_\_\_\_\_ techniques involve teams or groups of stakeholders who, applying their individual expertise on a particular issue, agree upon a set of decisions.

- Group elicitation
- Contextual Techniques
- Brainstorming
- Ethnography

\_\_\_\_\_ is not an elicitation technique.

- Presentation
- Questionnaire
- Observation
- Joint Application Development

\_\_\_\_\_ is an iterative process which saves development time and cost.

- Observation
- Prototyping
- Ethnography

Prototyping, Brainstorming, and Joint Application Development are \_\_\_\_\_ requirements elicitation techniques.

- Collaborative
- Contextual
- Traditional
- Cognitive

**. Which is not a characteristic of a Good Requirement?**

- Traceable
  - Unambiguous
  - Inconsistent ✓
  - Feasible
- 

**2. Requirements are modifiable:**

- If changes can be made to requirements easily ✓
  - If requirements have only one interpretation
  - If requirements can be translated into behavior
  - If requirements can be implemented within budget
- 

**3. Requirement relates to as a whole characteristic of a system.**

- Functional ✓
  - Inverse
  - Domain
  - Non-Functional
- 

**4. Which of the following is not an example of non-functional requirement?**

- System Login ✓
  - Verifiability
  - Availability
  - Maintainability
- 

**5. The first international symposium on Requirements Engineering was held in:**

- 1995
- 1993 ✓

- 1992
- 

**6. Domain requirements can be:**

- Both functional and non-functional ✓
  - Functional
  - Non-Functional
- 

**7. A requirement defines:**

- A model to predict the abnormal behavior of the system
  - A statement of system service or constraint ✓
  - A method for system maintenance
  - A plan to schedule system resources
- 

**8. If the source of requirements can be identified, then the requirement is called:**

- Feasible
  - Traceable ✓
  - Consistent
- 

**9. Requirements are modifiable if any changes can be made to the requirements \_\_ without any changes to the existing structure and style of the document.**

- Heterogeneously, easily, and partially
  - Easily, consistently, and completely ✓
  - Easily, contradictory, and completely
  - Incomplete, inconsistent, and partially
- 

**10. Requirement engineering is not a process of requirements in the engineering design process.**

- Documenting
- Maintaining
- Defining

- Removing ✓

1. \_\_\_\_\_ requirement refers to a statement of a user's need that can be implemented within the given constraints and resources.

Options:

- Unambiguous
- Feasible
- Valid
- Consistent

Correct option: Feasible

2. Output of the requirement task is:

Options:

- Precise method for system granularity
- Precise statement of what system will do
- Precise behavior of system at runtime
- Precise model for system structure

Correct option: Precise statement of what system will do

3. This is not a good practice to use \_\_\_\_\_, when writing software requirements.

Options:

- could
- should
- nice to have
- must

Correct option: should

4. Requirements are modifiable:

Options:

- If requirements can be implemented within budget
- If requirements have only one interpretation
- If requirements can be translated into behavior
- If changes can be made to requirements easily

Correct option: If changes can be made to requirements easily

5. Which one of the following is not a software process?

Options:

- Quality Assurance Process
- Software Development Life Cycle (SDLC)
- Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disks (RAID)
- Requirement Engineering Process

Correct option: Redundant Array of Inexpensive Disks (RAID)

6. A well-written requirement is an excellent \_\_\_\_\_ of measuring project quality and progress.

Options:

- Sink
- Service
- Script
- Source

Correct option: Source

7. Which of the following is not an example of a non-functional requirement?

Options:

- Maintainability
- Verifiability
- System Login
- Usability

Correct option: System Login

8. Which statement does not fulfill the definition of a requirement?

Options:

- A description of how a system should behave.
- A specification of what should not be implemented.
- A description of a system property.
- A constraint on the development process.

Correct option: A specification of what should not be implemented.

9. The system shall be developed using Java platform is an example of \_\_\_\_\_.

Options:

- Design and Implementation Constraint
- Domain Requirement
- Functional Requirement
- Non-Functional Requirement

Correct option: Design and Implementation Constraint

10. The requirements that come from the application domain are called:

Options:

- User-specific requirements
- Non-functional requirements
- System requirements
- Domain requirements

Correct option: Domain requirements

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